Right to Vote, Workers' Compensation, Disability Benefits Law, and Paid Family Leave Notice Right to Vote

- IF YOU DO NOT HAVE 4 CONSECUTIVE HOURS TO VOTE, EITHER FROM THE OPENING O: YE POLLS TO THE BEGINNING OF YOUR WORKING SHIFT, OR BETWEEN THE END OF YOUR WORKING SHIFT AND THE CLOSING OF THE POLLS, YOU MAY TAKE OFF UP TO 2 HOURS, WITHOUT LOSS OF PAY, TO ALLOW YOU TIME TO VOTE IF YOU ARE A REGISTERED VOTER.
 - YOU MAY TAKE TIME OFF AT THE BEGINNING OR END OF YOUR WORKING SHIFT, AS YOUR EMPLOYER MAY DESIGNATE, UNLESS OTHERWISE MUTUALLY AGREED.
- YOU MUST NOTIFY YOUR EMPLOYER NOT LESS THAN 2 DAYS, BUT NOT MORE THAN 10 DAYS, BEFORE THE DAY OF THE ELECTION THAT YOU WILL TAKE TIME OFF TO VOTE.

'Employers: Not less than ten working days before any Election Day, every employer shall post conspicuously in the place of work where it can be seen as employees come or go to their place of work, a notice setting forth the provisions of this law. Such notice shall be kept posted until the close of the polls on Election Day.

Workers' Compensation

Employers must obtain and keep in effect workers' compensation coverage for their employees; there must be no lapse in coverage even when switching insurance carriers. The law requires almost all employers operating in New York State to have workers' compensation and disability coverage for their employees. This requirement can be fulfilled by purchasing insurance coverage through an insurance carrier or by obtaining authorization from the Board to be self-insured. Employers must post a notice of workers" compensation coverage and employee rights.

This notice is in a form prescribed by the Workers' Compensation Board. Employers obtain the notice from their insurance carrier or, if self-insured, from the Board. The notice includes the name and address of the insurance carrier and the policy number of the employer. It must be posted in a conspicuous place in the employer's place of business. Violations of this requirement can result in a fine of up to \$250 per violation.

Disability Benefits Law

An employer who has had in New York State employment 1 or more employees on each of at least 30 days in any calendar year shall be a "covered employer" subject to the Disability Benefits Law after the expiration of 4 weeks following the 30th day of such employment.

These 30 days of employment need not be consecutive days but must be work days of employment in one calendar year. In addition to the above-

stated provisions, effective January 1, 1984, employers of personal or domestic employees in a private home are subject if they employ at least one employee who works 40 or more hours per week for that one employer. (NOTE: Prior to January 1, 1984, employers are subject only if they have 4 or more employees.) Each covered employer must post and maintain conspicuously at the place or places of business a prescribed form, Notice of Compliance, stating the provisions have been made for the payment of Disability Benefits to all eligible employees. To obtain the Notice of Compliance, please contact your Disability Insurance Carrier